

Avoiding the Emperor's Clothing Syndrome:

Inter-Rater Agreement (IRA)



Holistically

Goal: Common Frame of Reference

- Increased student growth
- Common lens: Is this good teaching?
How do we know?
- Evaluation has brought this to the forefront, but IRA translates into all areas
- No ONE answer to all of this – Personalize to local needs/culture



Today's Time Together

- I. Awareness/Importance
- II. Pragmatics/Considerations
- III. Getting started at home



Why Is This Important?

- Provides common understanding: defines goals/desires
- Accurate data
 - **ACCOUNTABILITY/REFORM**
- Fairness across the board
- Proper feedback → leads to professional learning
- Legally defensible
- Public scrutiny



First Things First

Interrater Reliability and Agreement: What Are They?

Definitions

Inter-rater reliability is the relative similarity between two or more sets of ratings.

Low Agreement,
High Reliability

(Relative order of skill)

Teacher	Rater 1	Rater 2
Teacher A ← Lowest	1	2
Teacher B	2	3
Teacher C	3	4
Teacher D ← Highest	4	5
Interrater reliability	Perfect reliability on the relative performance of the teachers!	

Diagram illustrating Interrater Reliability. The table shows ratings for four teachers (A, B, C, D) by two raters (Rater 1 and Rater 2). Teacher A is labeled 'Lowest' and Teacher D is labeled 'Highest'. Rater 1 ratings are 1, 2, 3, 4. Rater 2 ratings are 2, 3, 4, 5. Brackets indicate a difference of +1 between Rater 1 and Rater 2 ratings for each teacher. The bottom row states: 'Interrater reliability: Perfect reliability on the relative performance of the teachers!'.

First Things First

Interrater Reliability and Agreement: What Are They?

Definitions

Interrater agreement is the degree to which two raters using the same scale give the same rating in identical situations.

Teacher	Rater 1	Rater 2
Teacher A	1	1
Teacher B	2	2
Teacher C	3	3
Teacher D	4	4
Interrater agreement	Perfect agreement on the relative performance of the teachers!	

High
Agreement,
High
Reliability

(A 3 is a 3)

IRA Statistical Goal

Seeking 75% agreement with no ratings more than a level apart



Overarching Important Thoughts

- Need for mutual understanding – agreed upon external criteria to assess something
 - Observations, artifact review, units of study, processes, program development, etc...
- Calibration matters: Looking for accuracy and consistency
 - Length of observations, rubrics may need to be personalized to situation (subject, issue, etc...)
- Words matter
 - “Frequently” “Occasionally” “Effective Practice”
- Protocol of observations
 - Live and artifacts



Pragmatics/Considerations

Quality of training/Experience of Trainer (knowledge and credibility)

Experience of participants

Fidelity

Examples used for training

Bias exists

Number of categories of observation - “Less is more”

Degree of innovation (familiarity)

Single vs. multiple observations

Professional judgment

Re-calibration is imperative



Getting Started At Home

Goal → Create approach at home
with a training cycle and a
guidebook

1. Getting your bearings
2. Developing a training cycle
3. Developing a guidebook



Getting Your Bearings

1. Start with one/two issues: Pilot approach
 - Real need → ex. choosing a text series
 - Get a win
2. Review current issue/goal/vision/needs
3. Review current practices/instrumentation
 - Rubrics
 - Protocol
 - Training



Developing a Training Cycle

Essentials:

- Terms
 - “Demonstrates” “Frequently”
- Process
 - Cycle, steps in the process



Step By Step

1. Initial training: goals/terms

“Frame-of-Reference Training Outline”

1. Calibration of the players

Videos, examples

3. Review of the system

4. Adjustments (if needed)

5. Implementation

6. Evaluate/reflect/adjust

7. Re-calibrate...



Developing a Guidebook

- Definitions: Frame of reference/common understanding
- Examples and rubrics
 - Possible issues: D.I. PTCs, lunch line...
- Exemplars
- Videos (master coded): leads to high level of agreement
- Artifact examples
- Training protocol (lesson plan for adults)



Test Run

Issue: Fire Drill

1. Goal?
2. Key terms?
3. Current practice?
4. Desired result?
5. Steps to follow...



Training of Staff with Fire Drill

1. Calibration of staff: Goal/terminology
2. Smell test
3. Adjust as needed
4. Implement
5. Reflect/evaluate/adjust
6. Re-calibrate



Final Thoughts

- Imperative for all players to have a common understanding
- Start with the end in mind
- Build a plan to reach that goal, making sure ALL facets are clearly communicated
- Involve others – Leadership team
- Questions?

